

The Journal of the American Pharmaceutical Association

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The Association does not accept the responsibility for the opinions of contributors. Offensive personalities must be avoided.

The Sixtieth Annual Convention

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

JOHN G. GODDING.

Members of the American Pharmaceutical Association, Honored Guests, Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is a great pleasure to me to call to order the sixtieth annual meeting of this great and honored Association.

It is also a pleasure that we meet at this time, in the beautiful and modern city of Denver. Here we shall dwell for a short time, and may the energy and thought which have inspired the great and rapid progress of this city be in part ours, and may we receive inspiration to take up the work of our calling and profession and carry it on to a greater development for the benefit of the present and the future.

Seventeen years ago we met here in the Queen City of the Rockies. It was a pleasure to everyone present at that time, to receive of the hospitality extended to them; that hospitality was genuine, I am sure, for again we are here and the

proof which is shown by looking at the program, arranged by the good people of Denver for our benefit, is conclusive.

It would be interesting to review and note the influence, progress, and growth this Association has made in Pharmaceutical Education during these seventeen years, and to review as well the previous years of our existence, but that would take too much of your time and is really needless, for Dr. Whelpley gave us a very interesting and able resume of fifty years of work of this Association at the time of his service in this chair.

Today we reach the beginning of another decade, and I feel that it is indeed an honor and privilege which I appreciate at its true value, to preside over this great convention on the occasion of its sixtieth meeting. Sixty years of continued progress from the smallest beginnings to the present magnitude, while ever



JOHN G. GODDING, President, 1911-1912.



W. B. DAY, President, 1912-1913.

Upward and Onward has been the watchword, until here today from the mountain heights of this fair city we, for a moment cast a backward glance to that far eastern city where the first meeting was held. The years have been years of fruitful endeavor and the decade since the semi-centennial has been marked by the accomplishment of much, namely:

The growth of the American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties, then two years old, representing twenty-six colleges, today increased to thirty-five colleges. This period also marks the sixtieth anniversary of the organization of this Association by five of these colleges.

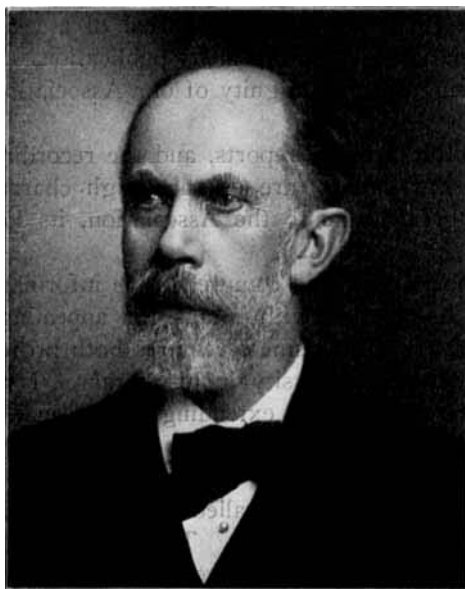
The establishment of the National Association Boards of Pharmacy now about to hold its ninth annual meeting.

The Bulletin of the American Pharmaceutical Association, the messenger of the present Journal of the American Pharmaceutical Association.

The organization of eleven active Local Branches, and not the least important, the growth in membership of the Association from 1231 to about 2600.

UNITED STATES PHARMACOPOEIA.

The American Pharmaceutical Association has always taken an active interest in the United States Pharmacopoeia and some of the abstracts given us at our last convention of the work of the committee on its revision, together with the methods noted since, of gleanings practical knowledge for the ninth revision, leads me to say that this revised text-book of governmental authority will undoubtedly rank as first among the Pharmacopoeias of the world, both as an educational and



WILHELM BODEMANN, First Vice-President.

practical standard, and I am glad we are able to state that the work is largely that of the members of the American Pharmaceutical Association.

NATIONAL FORMULARY.

The fourth edition of the National Formulary, written, compiled and edited by a committee of this Association under the chairmanship of C. L. Diehl, is about to be published. This work is one of our text-books and second only in importance to the United States Pharmacopoeia. It is filling its mission with increasing interest to the pharmaceutical and medical professions, as amply shown by the work and attention given to it by both of the above professions the past year.

From the pharmacists' viewpoint the National Formulary, coupled with the propaganda work has become most valuable, in fact, too much cannot be said about its value. From all over the country we know of the great Propaganda movement and its success in a financial way to the pharmacist, and its professional

and ethical help to the physician. For the pharmacist, aside from the financial point of view, it is giving him greater practical experience than ever. It is requiring more attention and study of the professional side of his business and the necessary laboratory work is bringing about a need and desire on the part of proprietors and clerks for greater improvement, indeed, even to investigation and research.

This Association should use every means to engage the co-operation of the Boards of Pharmacy of all states to require every licensed pharmacist to have a copy of the United States Pharmacopœia and the National Formulary, which requirement is only a requisite in a few of the states.

THE JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

With the advent of 1912 the proposed Journal of a year ago has become a reality, and the Association takes pride in its publication, so ably edited, and in a style so well in keeping with the dignity of our Association and the profession at large.

The editorials, scientific articles, reports, and the recording of transactions in general pertaining to our calling, are of such high character as to make the Journal an organ of great value to the Association, its local branches and to every pharmacist.

It gives to our members clear and comprehensive information. By its intrinsic value it supplies the Association with means for appealing for new members. The pharmacist of today whose business requires both professional and business training should consider it a necessity in his library. I urge every member's indorsement and earnest assistance in extending its influence and circulation.

PHARMACEUTICAL SYLLABUS.

The attention of the Association is called to the Pharmaceutical Syllabus, of which a second edition is in preparation. There has been a great need of co-ordination between the work of the colleges and the boards of pharmacy, and the idea of a syllabus to meet this need originated in New York state, but the work was so important that it soon aroused widespread interest and the National Syllabus Committee, composed of twenty-one members of the Association and of college faculties and examining boards, was organized. The unselfish and devoted work of the members of this committee should be appreciated by all. In the first edition of a book created in such manner there were certain to be various faults of more or less importance. The committee state that they have been glad to receive helpful criticism on the work and hope and expect that in the second edition these faults will be corrected, and that all that is worthy in the first edition will be retained. The Association is largely represented in the work, and should continue to bear its share of the expenses of the committee. Certainly the Syllabus is meeting with approbation in its field of usefulness.

RECEIPT BOOK.

At the present time the Department of Pharmaceutical Formulas has published 100 receipts in the Journal of the American Pharmaceutical Association. Many are in local use. Heretofore, when needed they were not to be found without

much searching and then with varying success as to reliable direction in compounding.

It seems desirable that these formulas should be the forerunner of the "American Pharmaceutical Association Receipt Book." The publishing of such a book would probably add prestige and revenue to this Association.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF RETAIL DRUGGISTS.

The American Pharmaceutical Association was represented at the convention of the National Association of Retail Druggists last September at Niagara Falls by a delegation and the President.

Secretary Beal addressed the convention with his inimitable style and ability.

The cordial relations existing between these two great Associations, so actively engaged in their respective fields, were expressed on every hand.



CHARLES M. FORD,
Second Vice-President and Local Secretary.



EUGENE G. EBERLE,
Chairman of the Council.

United action of both Associations upon matters of vital and mutual interest, such as National Legislation, Educational and Commercial Pharmacy, wield an influence that is not to be accomplished alone and is to be heartily commended.

Delegates were appointed to the Convention held last week at Milwaukee, also to that of the American Medical Association at Atlantic City the past June.

I will not anticipate the report of these delegations by any words of mine as you will be pleased to hear from them a full account of the proceedings.

THE STATE ASSOCIATIONS.

Through the Membership Committee of the American Pharmaceutical Association and its Secretary, Treasurer and President, greetings were extended to each state organization. An appeal for new members was made before their respective

conventions by our representatives, who were cordially received, and our Association favorably brought before large numbers.

This effort to bring our Association before the meetings of our calling should be continued. The establishment has been suggested of a Federation of State Pharmaceutical Associations or a delegate body made up from each of their respective Legislative Committees to cooperate with this Association in like manner to that of the American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties and the National Boards of Pharmacy, a federation ready for quick and united action in relation to National Legislation and uniform Food and Drug Laws. I believe such a body would become of value to the Association and the pharmacists throughout the country, and that conditions existing in different states would be brought out and adjusted for the betterment of all. I recommend that this subject be referred to the Council.

MEMBERSHIP.

The subject of Membership has received the attention of many Presidents of this Association and their suggestions adopted with good success, yet the fact remains that many pharmacists are not within our ranks who should be, notwithstanding the untiring work of our able Membership Committee.

As new blood is the life of any organization, I believe we should use some method of publicity to gain an increase in membership, and with this idea in mind would suggest that we start proper and aggressive advertising, possibly the distribution of our JOURNAL, either free or by subscription, among non-members, and other forms of publicity. This to be carried out by the Council and the General Committee on Membership and Reception.

There exists an erroneous idea with many pharmacists that the American Pharmaceutical Association is for the strictly scientific pharmacists, chemists and the colleges of pharmacy. When their attention is called to the work of the different sections and their advantages, they immediately become members. I believe this publicity, together with the great assistance of the propaganda with the National Formulary, the Local Branches and the new JOURNAL will ultimately result in a much larger membership of the Association.

BUREAU OF CHEMISTRY AND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

By the resignation of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley as chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, the profession of Pharmacy has suffered the loss of an honest and efficient official.

At the time of our last Convention, a year ago, Dr. Wiley was under charges of a serious nature and he was receiving a great deal of adverse criticism. Since that time he has been entirely exonerated, and given an immense amount of praise for the work he has performed. For personal reasons he has since resigned and we hope an equally true and efficient man may fill the position made vacant by him.

It seems to me for the good of the people of this great country that every assistance should be given the President of these United States by men whose pro-

fession brings them in touch with the class of men from whose ranks the kind of man should be selected.

This Association should use every legitimate means in advocating the filling of that position by one thoroughly trained and educated in the profession of chemistry and pharmacy. An appointment of such great importance should be carefully made.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF PHARMACY.

The eleventh International Congress of Pharmacy at the Hague meets in September, 1913. The Congress will consist of five sections.

1. General Subjects.
2. Galenical Pharmacy.
3. Chemistry.
4. Botany.
5. Bromatology.

The American Pharmaceutical Association is invited to take part in this Congress by sending delegates. Whether it is desirable to be represented is for you to determine. I suggest that this be referred to the Council.

PHARMACISTS IN THE GOVERNMENT SERVICE.

The increased membership from the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service has been larger than any previous year, due to our efforts for co-operation in the work. This Association is so closely allied with the service that this generous response from them should be given our continued support.

CONFERENCE OF FOOD AND DRUG CHEMISTS.

It has been suggested that such an organization be perfected. As there are a number within this Association in several states who are intrusted with the enactment and enforcement of the Pure Food and Drugs Act, such an organization should become affiliated with the American Pharmaceutical Association.

DRUG REFORM.

Your Committee Report on Drug Reform will be received with much interest. The plea for uniformity of Drug Standards and uniform requirements in dispensing has met with a measure of success and is being agitated in some of the Pharmaceutical Associations; its adoption is safeguarding the public, and every reputable physician should indorse it. There is no desire to create a monopoly in drug dispensing for the druggist, but we maintain that drug dispensing requires special training and those who assume the responsibility of the pharmacist as dispenser should comply with the legal requirements of inspection of his stock. He should comply with the laws which regulate the practice of pharmacy in his state.

The situation is fittingly expressed by an honored member of this Association, "It is utterly unfair to the pharmacist to require him to undergo long years of preparation and pass examinations to practice his profession and then for him to meet at every point the unjust competition of unscrupulous physicians who have never taken degrees or passed an examination.

"Also the non-fulfillment of the Pure Food and Drug Laws regarding the inspection of stock.

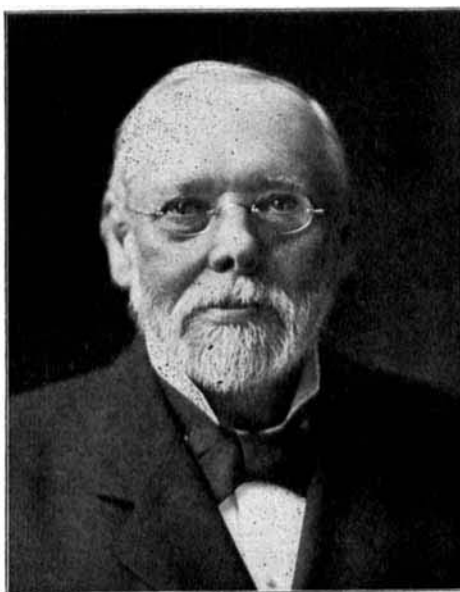
"The American Pharmaceutical Association has an opportunity to take up this work and I hope it will be kept in sight until all the states take action along the same lines as the Kansas Pharmaceutical Association."

LOCAL BRANCHES.

There has been organized the past year two or more local branches of the American Pharmaceutical Association. These branches may be productive of much good in their different communities by adopting the recommendation of the Secretary of this Association, which is that joint meetings be held of pharmaceutical organizations with the American Pharmaceutical Association



JOSEPH W. ENGLAND,
Secretary of the Council.



C. LEWIS DIEHL,
Reporter on the Progress of Pharmacy.

Branches. This has been tried by some of the branches with marked success. These branches can contribute much to the parent body.

PRE-REQUISITE LAW.

There has been considerable discussion of the pre-requisite law and the Boards of Pharmacy of a few states already demand that an applicant for registration be a graduate of a recognized College of Pharmacy.

Although this is an old subject, I believe it is pertinent to the work of this Association. It is now receiving considerable attention in many states and should in all, to the end that a pre-requisite law be established in all the states, for this is a step in advancing pharmaceutical education. It should receive our continued co-operation and support and especially that of the State Pharmaceutical Associations and State Boards of Pharmacy.

BUSINESS OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

The executive business of this Association is conducted by the Council, whose meetings are open to all, and while it is well for members to be conversant with the work done by the Council, it can be safely stated that all business is carefully, expeditiously and economically handled.

The results of these meetings are printed in our JOURNAL, and should be carefully noted by every delegate before coming to the Convention so we could dispense with the reading of the minutes of the meetings of the Council, thereby saving a great deal of time for the general sessions, which is never sufficient for the important business and matters that should come before the Convention.

Again much time is lost to the incoming President and considerable trouble to the General Secretary caused from the fact that our by-laws do not fully state what committees are appointed by the President or Council. This also applies to the work of the committees. They are appointed by the President and they immediately ascertain what their duties are to be.

The ceremony of installation has long been of insufficient importance as conducted in the past, due to the fact that it has taken place at the end of our meeting when it often happens that there is barely a quorum and some of the officers to be installed, have left for their homes. As a matter of courtesy to the incoming officers and a ceremony which represents their introduction to the Association which has selected them to conduct the affairs of this time honored organization, I believe they should be inducted into office with the dignity and honor becoming an Association of this character. A change of time for installation would be welcomed by them and certainly would be of no loss to the Association. I suggest these subjects be referred to the Committee on Reorganization and Revision of By-Laws.

COMMITTEE ON PHARMACEUTICAL COLLECTION AT WASHINGTON.

After much correspondence with our members within a reasonable distance of the Pharmaceutical Collection at Washington, it has been exceedingly difficult to secure a chairman. I recommend that the Committee on Pharmaceutical Collection be consolidated with the Historical Section.

DECEASED MEMBERS.

Gone but not forgotten! With reverence we pay our tribute of love and respect to the memory of those who during the past year have passed to the larger life. Foremost among these stand the names of the late Enno Sander, who was President in 1871; A. K. Finlay in 1891; Charles E. Dohme in 1868; Henry Biroth, Honorary President the present year; including the valued members, William Muir, George H. Hitchcock, Thomas Doliber and Gustavus Ramsperger. We shall miss their wise council and the inspiration of their strong personality as devoted to Pharmacy. May we ever gratefully cherish their memories and strive to emulate their virtues.

In closing, allow me to say that our Association with its established JOURNAL, greatly increased membership, a growing interest in the United States Pharmacopœia and National Formulary by the Medical Profession and the general in-

crease in the attendance at the Colleges of Pharmacy, all indicate that the pendulum is now swinging back to true Pharmacy. Education and individuality are being more and more recognized by people in general.

This Association has been called a post-graduate course in Pharmacy. It has been the strong hand for the betterment of Pharmacy and its influence as an educational factor will be recognized to a greater extent in the future.

"So it behooves every member of this Association to stand with one purpose, one aim, to raise high the standard of our profession and do all we can and should do in relieving pain and suffering."

At this time I wish to call your attention to the prompt and efficient work of the Council for the continued prosperity of the Association and to heartily thank the officers and committees for the very able manner in which they have performed their duties to the Association and for their great assistance to me.

REPORT OF THE GENERAL SECRETARY AND EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL.

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS IN CARE OF GENERAL SECRETARY.

Owing to the change in fiscal year to coincide with the calendar year, the financial accounts of the General Secretary are separated into two divisions, the first covering the period from September 1, 1911, the time the books were turned over to him, until the end of the fiscal year, December 31, 1911; the second covering the first half of the new fiscal year, or from January 1 to July 1, 1912, inclusive.

Cash Received From September 1, 1911, to December 31, 1911.

(As per itemized statements submitted herewith.)

National Formulary	\$ 733.31	
Badges and Bars	5.20	
Hunter Estate99	
Proceedings	30.80	
Journal Subscription	3.00	
Total		\$773.67

Cash Received for First Half of Fiscal Year, January 1, 1912, to July 1, 1912, Inclusive.

(As per itemized statement submitted herewith.)

National Formulary	\$1,699.54	
Proceedings	67.51	
Badges and Bars	4.37	
Journal Subscriptions and Advertising	731.97	
Advertising Collected Since July 1	896.23	
		\$3,399.62
		\$4,173.29

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES ON ACCOUNT OF NATIONAL FORMULARY.

As shown by preceding exhibits, the receipts on account of National Formulary from September 1 to December 1, 1911, and from January 1 to July 1, 1912, amount in all to \$2432.85.